Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University

Faculty – Science and Technology

Programme- M. Sc. (Botany)

POs

By the end of the programme, students would be able to

PO1	Deep subject Knowledge and intellectual breadth	Apply the subject knowledge to the solution of real-world problems.
PO2	Professional Ethics	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the standard practices.
PO3	Creative & Critical Thinking	Take informed actions after identifying the assumptions that frame our thinking and actions, checking out the degree to which these assumptions are accurate and valid, and looking at our ideas and decisions (intellectual, organizational, and personal) from different perspectives.
PO4	Innovation, Research and Problem Solving	Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex problems reaching substantiated and innovative conclusions.
		Design solutions for complex problems with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
		Use research-based knowledge and research methods to provide valid conclusions.
		Demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO5	Team work and Communication Skills	Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
		Present/communicate research at national/international level, write effective articles, reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
		Communicate disciplinary knowledge to the community and broader public.
PO6	Professionalism and Leadership Readiness	Demonstrate personal accountability and effective work habits, e.g., punctuality, working productively with others, and time as well as workload management.
		Demonstrate integrity and ethical behavior, act responsibly with the interests of the larger community in mind, and to learn from his/her mistakes.
		Use the strengths of others to achieve common goals, and use interpersonal skills to coach and develop others.
		Assess and manage his/her emotions and those of others; use empathetic skills to guide and motivate; and organize, prioritize, and delegate work.
PO7	Lifelong learning	Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and lifelong learning in the broadest context of technological change.
PO8	Competence for Digital	Prepare well for living, learning and working in a Digital Society;
	World	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern ICT tools to complex activities with an understanding of the limitations.
		Use existing digital technologies ethically and efficiently to solve problems, complete tasks, and accomplish goals.
		Demonstrate effective adaptability to new and emerging technologies.
PO9	Global Citizenship	Act with an informed awareness of global issues.
		Engage in initiatives that encourage equity and growth for all.

PSOs:

After completing the programme successfully, students would be able to

1. explore the cutting edge technologies and skills currently used in plant sciences.

- 2. Be aware of social, environmental issues and plant significance in natural interest.
- 3. create interest in nature conservation and save the natural resources.
- 4. study the concepts of genetics, plant breeding and their applicability.
- 5. understand and correlate the various biochemical and physiological processes in plants.
- 6. study the evolutionary process in Bryophytes and Pteriodophytes.
- 7. study the bioactive principles in plants and their defence mechanisms.

Employability Potential:

Joseph Paxton Famous Botanist said that 'Botany the science of vegetable kingdom is one of the most attractive, useful and extensive department of human knowledge, and the science of beauty. Any human activity without plant involvement is baseless. Botany is the scientific study of plants. Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University offers M.Sc. Botany a master's Program which deals with study of plants, their characteristics, classification and various related aspects in detail. The main aims and objectives of M.Sc. program are:

- To prepare students for a carrier as scientists, who can deal with current research lines in botany using modern techniques.
- To help them represent the discipline both in basic and applied research area.
- To encourage multidisciplinary collaboration.
- To equip and helpful students in all aspects of plant sciences with a view that they can take up teaching at different levels, researches in institute/university, doctoral work, EIA, Biodiversity studies entrepreneurship, Scientific writing in relevant topics have been included in curriculum.

The duration of this program is two years .There are 30 seats and admissions are carried out on merit basis. Candidates who wish to opt M.Sc Botany should have Botany as one subject at graduate level and deep interest in plants and their life cycle.

The Syllabi of Botany is design as per CBCS pattern and is very rich so that along with Botany students can opt for their choices and interest in allied field. The major focus is upon ability and skills other than core course subjects. The whole post-graduate program is of 4 semesters, where students are imparted deep knowledge about plant kingdom, Physiology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Biotechnology, Genetics Engineering, Pharmacognosy, Ecology, Microbiology, Biosystematics, Tissue Culture, Bioprospecting etc. Botany also deals with various aspects related to Agriculture, Environment, Pharmacy, Forestry, Horticulture and Floriculture. Nursery, farms, Environmental consultancies Pharmaceuticals companies Forest sciences with job profile as Ecologist, Plant Taxonomist, Plant Biochemist, Researcher, Environmental Consultant, forest ranger, Botanists. Nursery or green house manager, Farming consultant, geneticist, Biotechnologists, Microbiologist etc. It would also provide highly skilled human resource for incubation centres and start-ups in the field of plant related industrial units as well as Research and Development sectors.

Study of plants is fundamental and vital, as life is dependent on plant for well-being of all living organism as plants produce energy, O₂, C, water etc. Comparing with other forms of life, plants life can be studied at different levels molecular, genetical and biochemical through various cells, tissues, organ, individuals, plants population and communities. Botanists are concerned with identification classification, structure, function of plant life. Botany also covers the Protista group which include fungi, Lichens, bacteria, viruses and single cell algae. A good understanding of plants is essential to the future generation because

- Produce food for expanding population
- Understand fundamental life processes
- Produce medicine and materials to treat disease

Education is not only to gain knowledge and understand the things but it must be able to enhance one's ability and skills for better employability. Employability skills are those which help one to stand separately than others for the same jobs. These skills are vital in order to secure a role where employability, skill matches with your job profile. These skills come naturally or can be acquired through work experience, practice or education.

The employability means, teaching botany at various levels. Employability skills are transferable that students can use this at workplace. Teachers seek all these set of diverse skills in students in addition to academic qualification, in order to stay relevant and improve their efficiency. Teacher should focus on building the employability skills. Various skills can be developed after completion of this program. These are as follows.

1. Communication Skills: It is one of the important personality traits which is sought after employment. It generally consists of five elements sender, receiver, message, medium and feedback. It can be verbal, nonverbal, visual or written. Good communication skills help any institution/organisation to avoid unnecessary misunderstanding, waste of time and increase the output. To be an effective communicator one has to understand colleagues through ideas and thoughts to achieve the goal. Practices like positive

expression, body language, careful listening, think before you speak, debate, group discussion, elocution completion, seminars etc can improve the skills.

- 2. Leadership Skills: Flourishing of any organisation requires good leaders with excellent leadership skills. They look for such persons .Good leaders can manage people/ team well, convince them, motivate them and train them so as to improve the workplaces practices as per the set objectives. Students are given various responsibilities of organising and conduction of event, arrangements and coordination of various activities in team to develop these qualities.
- **3. Problem Solving Skills:** This quality helps to remove the obstacles by resolving complex issues. They are asset to any organisation for increasing the efficiency. It is an act to determine the issue, identify the cause, select best possible solution and implement it. Complex problem can be broken into smaller parts and then the issue can be addressed. In other way it can be solved by research, analyses and then decision can be made. Undertaking research projects, Assignments, brain storming sessions, solving puzzle etc can enhance this skill.
- 4. Team Work Skills: To know role in team and work amicably with teammates. Healthy, cordial relationship with colleagues and better work environment increases job satisfaction. It has direct impact on organisation stability, innovation and output. In practical's, group of 4-5 students are made and they perform the experiment efficiently, group assignments, group activities etc develop these skills.
- 5. Reliability Skills: This is very important employability skill to build trust with the employer. Consistency is the key of reliability. Meetings, daily task, respond to queries, acknowledge mistakes and take lessons from it are the thing to develop reliability. Mentor –mentee meet often, counselling etc.
- 6. Self-Management Skills: It is the ability to organise and manage own works without guide. It saves time and enhances efficiency. Students project work, Botanical Excursions and tours management, preparations for exams, perform experiments in 3hrs etc.
- 7. Learning Skills: It enables to improve the knowledge about the subject. Tend to change to adapt new concepts and methods. Such persons can acquire challenging positions and save time. It ensures quick implementations of new system, process and technology. Students are asked to refer good books of the subject, seminars on recent topics are given, standard protocols are used in practicals etc.
- 8. Technology skills: In present scenario it is must to know and how to use the updated technology. It is one of the leading skills for any institution. Helps to stay relevant and ahead of the competition. These skilled are valued as one can grasp the technology-based concept and learn how to use them effectively. Students are using this technology for learning and research purpose.
- **9. Planning and Organisation skills:** Important to achieve goals, manage time, money and effort and increase efficiency. Should be resourceful, manage priorities, timely and take decisions.
- **10.** Technical and Analytical skills: Make them skilled in practical's, laboratory equipment's and interpret the data on biological material.

The course is designed in such a way that after completion it is expected that they develop and nurture these employability skill for employment or entrepreneurship development.

							(M.S	c. Part I) Se	mester I								
S.	Subject	Subject		Teaching & Learning Scheme					Duration Exa			mination & Evaluation Scheme					
No.		Code	Т	eachi	ng Per Week	iods Per		Credits		of Exam Hours	The	Theory		ctical	Total Marks	Minimum Passing	
			L	Т	Р	Total	L/T	Practical	Total		Theory+ MCQ External	Theory Internal	Internal	External		Marks	Grade
1	DSC-I Cell and Molecular Biology	BOT 101	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
2	AEC- I Molecular Techniques	BOT 102	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	50	-	50	25	Р
3	DSC-II Evolution and Diversity of Algae and Fungi	BOT 103	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
4	DSC -III Economic Botany and Resource Utilization	BOT 104	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
5	DSC- IV Plant Development	BOT 105	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
6	Lab- 1 Practical Based on DSC I & II	BOL 101	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
7	Lab-2 Practical Based on DSC III & DSE- I	BOL 102	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
8	# Internship / Field Work / Work Experience																
9	Open elective/ GIC/ Open skill/ MOOC* BOEC I Medicinal Plant Diversity	BOEC 101	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
	Total					28			26						650		

Scheme of Teaching, Learning & Examination leading to the Degree in Master of Science in the Programme Botany (Two year- Four Semester Degree Programme- C.B.C.S.) (M Sc. Part I) Semester I

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical

Student may complete their Internship/ Field Work/ Work experience in First or Second or Third semester of Master of Science in the Programme, according to their convenience; @ denotes Non-Examination credits.

Note: Internship/ Apprenticeship/ Field Work Experience (during vacations of semester I to III. This will carry 2 credits for learning of 60 hours or 3 Credits for learning of 90 hours. Its credits and grades will be reflected in final semester IV credit grade report.

-OEC (Optional) can be studied during semester I to IV

Syllabus Prescribed	for 2022 Ye	ar	PG. Pro	ogramme	
Programme			M.Sc. B	Botany	
Semester I					
Code of the Course S	ubject T	itle of the Couse/ Sub	ject	No. of periods/ week	
DSC I	U U	ell and Molecular Bio		03	
Cos :	-		8/		
 Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to understand structural organization and functional role of cell, organelles and biomolecules. correlate the various life processes and their functioning. understand the process of chromosomal organization and its role in cellular metabolism. evaluate the various life processes and their regulations with special reference to regulation of generation. 				role in cellular metabolism.	
Unit-I	Cell wall, o	composition and functi			
	Structural organization and functional aspects of membrane, transport, ion channels, act transport, membrane pumps. Structural organization and functional aspects of cell organelles,			cell organelles, microtubules, intermediate filaments,	
Unit-II	Cell cycle; regulation division.	Steps in cell cycle, role of mitosis and meiosis	es of Cyclins an , chromosome	d Cyclin Dependent Kinases, checkpoints; congression, cell plate formation and cell	
	Cell signal signal	ing; signal transductio	n; G-proteins, (ogenes; their types and role GPCRs, second messengers, regulation of stems, light signaling in plants, bacterial	
Unit-III Chron hetero Chron Genor		nromosomal Organization, DNA packaging, histone modifications; chromatin structure, terochromatin, euchromatin, Organization of Centromeres and Telomeres, Specialized nromosomes: Polytene, Lampbrush, B Chromosomes. enome size, Organization; C-value paradox, cot curve, re-association kinetics, pochromic effect			
Unit-IV	~1		Prokaryotes: G	Gene structure, Lac - Operon, Trp- Operon	
U. :4 M	Regulation transcription	age Operon, tion of gene expression in Eukaryotes: <i>cis</i> and <i>trans</i> regulation; promoters, iption factors, post-transcriptional regulation, role of chromatin remodeling. synthesis; Ribosomes, formation of initiation complex, factors for initiation,			
elongatio identity, inhibitors		termination and their n minoacyl tRNA syn protein folding; post- t	egulation, gene thetase, transl canslational mo	ational proof-reading and translational difications of proteins. Protein sorting and ein synthesis; Signal Recognition Particle	
Suggested Reading:					
 De, D.N. 2000. Plant Cell Vacuoles: An introduction. CSIRO Publication, Collingwood, Australia Rost, T. <i>et al.</i>, 1998. Plant Biology. Wadsworth Publishing Co, California, USA. Krishnamurthy, K.V.2000. Methods in Cell wall Cytochemistry, CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida Atherly, A.G, Girton, J.R. and McDonald, J.F. 1999. The Science of Genetics. Saunders College Publishing, Fort Worth, USA Burnham, C.R. 1962. Discussions in Cytogenetics. Burgess Publishing Co., Minnesota 				California, USA. y, CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida Science of Genetics. Saunders College blishing Co., Minnesota	
 Bush, H. and Rothblum, L. 1982. Volume X. The Cell Nucleus & DNA Part A. Academic Press. Hartl, D.L. and Jones, E.W. 1998. Genetics: Principles and Analysis (4th Edition). Jones and Bart Publishers, Massachusetts, USA. Khush, GS. 1973. Cytogenetics of Aneuploids. Academic Press, New York, London Lewis R., 1997. Human Genetics: Concepts and Applications (2nd Edition). WCB McGraw Hill, USA Russel, P.J. 1998. Genetics (5th Edition). The Benjamin/ cummings Publishing Company Inc., USA 				nalysis (4th Edition). Jones and Bartlett s, New York, London 2nd Edition). WCB McGraw Hill, USA	
11. Snustad, D.P. U.S.A	. and Simmo	ns, M.J. 2000. Princip	les of Genetics	(2nd Edition). John Wiley and Sons Inc., Structure and Function. Jones and Barlett	
Publishers, B	oston, Mass d Moore, A	achusetts		d Organelles from Plant Cells. Academic	
14. Harris, N. ar University Pr	nd Oparka, ress, Oxford	U.K		ractical Approach. IRL Press, at Oxford ratory Methods. CRC Press, Boca Raton,	
Florida.	u inakayaille	, 5.1770. 1 iailt Chi0h	iusumes. Lauol	natory methods. CAC FIESS, DUCA Ratoll,	
16. V. R. Dny 97800745157 Reference b o	723. bok:	, <u> </u>		ata McGraw-Hill, ISBN 0074515721,	
		Genes VIII, Oxford Uni			
 Benjamin Lewin, 2008. Genes IX, Oxford University Press, New York. Benjamin Lewin, Jones and Bartlett 2011Genes X, Oxford University Press, New York. Sharma, A.K. and Sharma, A. 1999. Plant Chromosomes: Analysis, Manipulation 					

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and Engineering. Harwood Academic Publishers, Australia					
Course Outcomes:					
1. Develop strong fundamental basics of cell dynamics.					
2. They would be able to analyze and interpret the cell behavior, cell cycle and cell communication processes.					
3. They would be able to predict disorders within the biological systems related to gene regulation.					
4. They would be able to illustrate and justify the biological mechanisms					
5. Able to explain the structure, synthesis and processing of Nucleic acids.					

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022	Year	PG. Programme			
Programme	M.Sc. Botany				
Semester I					
Code of the Course Subject	Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week			
AEC I	1				
Cos : Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to					
opon completion of this course	successfully, students would be				
	he latest techniques used in plar	at sciences			
Be trained about the to					
	l applications of these technique				
		s and application, types – standard, hot start PCR,			
		RT-PCR, Real time PCR, overlap PCR, RACE,			
	erse PCR.				
1.2 Analysis at the level of gene transcription – Northern blot, In situ hybridization, RNase					
protection assay,					
1.3 Analysis of DNA protein interactions: Electrophoretic mobility shift assay (EMSA), DNase I foot-printing, Chromatin immuno-precipitation assay.					
1.4 Analysis of protein-protein interactions - Co-immunoprecipitation assay, Fluorescence					
resonance energy transfer (FRET).					
Suggested Reading:					
1. Molecular Biology: A		2012: M. Green and J. Sambrook			
2. An introduction to Molecular Biotechnology–Molecular fundamentals, methods and applications in Modern Biotechnology (2006): ed. Micheal Wink					
3. Slater, A., Scott, N. W., & Fowler, M. R. (2003). Plant Biotechnology: The Genetic Manipulation of					
	Plants. Oxford: Oxford University Press.				
4. Primrose, S. B., & Twyman, R. M. (2006). Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics.					
Course Outcomes:					
Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to					
		as well as chemical preparations of different			
concentration		conta and are aware of their properties			
	s techniques at appropriate place	gents and are aware of their properties.			
	te process and techniques on bas				
	interpret the results with accurac				
5. Analyze allu	interpret the results with accurat	·y.			

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022 Year		PG. Programme				
Programme M.Sc. Botany						
Semest	er I					
Code of	f the Course Subject Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week				
	DSC II Evolution and Diversity of Algae an	d Fungi 04				
Cos: Upon co	Cos: Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to					
1.	Understand the phycology with special reference to Ir	idian work.				
2.	2. Identify Algae in diversified habitats (Terrestrial, fresh water, marine) Criteria used in classification of algae, Role of algae in human welfare					
3.	3. Know General account of thallus organization, reproduction and life history of algae.					
4.						
5.	Study General Characters of Fungi Classification., Ed	conomic importance of fungi in medicine,				
6.						

Unit I: Algae 1.1 Occurrence, Range of Thallus organization, Pigments, reserve food, reproduction and

	 types of life cycles in algae, origin and evolution of sex in algae. 1.2 Classification of algae proposed by F. E. Fritsch (1935,1948), G. M. Smith (1955), R. E. Lee (2009)
	 E. Lee (2008). 1.3 Cyanophyta: Affinities with Prokaryotes and algae, ultrastructure of cell, special Cells- Akinites, heterocyst and harmogonia, Range of thallus, reproduction and economic
	importance of cyanobacteria.
	1.4 Chlorophyta –range of thallus organization, reproduction and life cycle patterns and economic importance of green algae.
Unit II: Algae	 1.5 Charophyta – Habitat and thallus diversity and reproduction 2.1 Euglenophyta –Cell structure and reproduction
Unit II. Aigat	 2.1 Euglehöpflyta – Occurrence, distribution, thallus structure and reproduction. 2.2 Xanthophyta – Occurrence, distribution, thallus structure and reproduction. 2.3 Bacillariophyta- General Characters, Occurrence Morphology Cell structure, Valve Morphology Reproduction and Economic importance of Diatoms
	2.4 Pheophyta – General characters, geographical distribution, thallus diversity reproduction and economic importance
Unit III: Fungi	 2.5 Rhodophyta – Occurrence, thallus structure and reproduction. 3.1 Mycelium structure and types, modified hyphal structures, mode of nutrition, mode of
Chit III. I ungi	asexual reproduction, phases of sexual reproduction and fruiting bodies in different groups.
	3.2 Classification as per Ainsworth (1971), outline of phylogenetic classification as per D.S.Hibbett (2007). General account of the following groups and study of representative genus.
	3.3 Myxomycetes –General account and life cycles of typical myxomycete
	3.4 Chytridiomycetes-, Vegetative structure and reproduction in <i>Allomyces</i>.3.5 Oomycetes- life cycle in <i>Phytopthora</i> and <i>Albugo</i>.
	3.6 Zygomycetes- Vegetative structure and reproduction in <i>Mucor</i> and <i>Rhizopus</i>
Unit IV: Fungi	 General account of the following groups and study of representative genus: 4.1 Plectomycetes – Vegetative structure and reproduction in <i>Aspergillus</i> 4.2 Discomycetes - Vegetative structure and reproduction in <i>Peziza</i>
	4.3 Teliomycetes- life cycle of – <i>Ustilago</i>
	4.4 Hymnomycetes - Life cycle of <i>Agaricus</i>4.5 Hypomycetes- <i>Alternaria Fusarium</i>,
	4.6 Coelomycetes- Colletotricum
	 Lichen- nature of association, Morphological types, reproduction and economic importance.
Unit V: Fungi	5.1 Research work in the field of mycology and Phytopathology in India.
	5.2 Heterothalism and parasexuallity in fungi5.3 Role of fungi in –Agriculture, Industry and as a food
	5.4 Some major fungal diseases- Candidiasis, Aspergillosis, Mucormycosis
	5.5 Role of Fungi in antibiotic production.5.6 Mycorrhiza and its applications.
	5.7 Regional fungal crop diseases (Fungal, Viral, Bacterial and Phytoplasmal diseases).
	Suggested Reading: 5.1
	The structure and reproduction of algae volume 1 and 2 G and Alan Whittick: Introduction to Phycology
3. Morris, I: An	Introduction to Algae
	nd Wynne, M.D.: Introduction to the Algae structure and reproduction r and Roland W.S. Weber - Introduction to Fungi
6. Alexopoulos	C.J., C.W. Mims and M. Blackwell – Introductory Mycology
	S. and K.R. Aneja – An Introduction to Mycology The Filamentous Fungi
9. Introductory	Phycology - H.D. Kumar, Affiliated East West Press Ltd., New Delhi. Phycotalk Vol. I and
	mar Rastogi Publ., Meerut. nces in Phycology - H.D. Kumar Rastogi Publ., Meerut.
11. Aquatic Biolo	ogy in India - Kachroo P. Bishan S. Mahendra Pal. Dehradoon
	and reproduction in the Algae –Vol. I & II, F.E. Fritsch, Cambridge 4 Uni. Press. Botany –Vol. I, G.M. Smith, Tata Mac Graw Hill Publication, New Delhi
14. Advances in l	Phycology—edited by B.N. Verma, APC Publication India.
	e in India –J.N. Mishra, ICAR Publication, New Delhi. Id their uses –V.J.Chapman
17. Introductory	Mycology – Alexopolus, John Wiley and Sons Ind.
18 An Introducti	ion to Mycology – Mehrotra and Aneja, New Age Intermediate Press.
19. Diseases of Ir	ndia – Rangaswami and Mahadevan, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. to Fungi – Webster, Cambridge Univ. Press.
 19. Diseases of In 20. Introduction t 21. Plant Disease 	ndia – Rangaswami and Mahadevan, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. to Fungi – Webster, Cambridge Univ. Press. es - R.S. Singh, Oxford and IBH Publishing.
 Diseases of Ir Introduction t Plant Disease Microbiology 	ndia – Rangaswami and Mahadevan, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. to Fungi – Webster, Cambridge Univ. Press. es - R.S. Singh, Oxford and IBH Publishing. y and Pathology – P.D. Sharma, Rastogi Publication, Meerut
 Diseases of In Introduction t Plant Disease Microbiology A text book o Agrios, G.N. 	ndia – Rangaswami and Mahadevan, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. to Fungi – Webster, Cambridge Univ. Press. es - R.S. Singh, Oxford and IBH Publishing. y and Pathology – P.D. Sharma, Rastogi Publication, Meerut of modern Plant Pathology – Bilgrami and Dubey, Vikas Publication, New Delhi. 1999. Plant Pathology. Academic Press
 Diseases of In Introduction t Plant Disease Microbiology A text book o Agrios, G.N. Annual Revie 	ndia – Rangaswami and Mahadevan, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. to Fungi – Webster, Cambridge Univ. Press. es - R.S. Singh, Oxford and IBH Publishing. y and Pathology – P.D. Sharma, Rastogi Publication, Meerut of modern Plant Pathology – Bilgrami and Dubey, Vikas Publication, New Delhi. 1999. Plant Pathology. Academic Press ew of Phytopathology, 1999. Vol. 37, APS Press
 Diseases of In Introduction ti Plant Disease Microbiology A text book oi Agrios, G.N. Annual Revie Chandanwala Frisvad, J.C. 	ndia – Rangaswami and Mahadevan, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. to Fungi – Webster, Cambridge Univ. Press. es - R.S. Singh, Oxford and IBH Publishing. y and Pathology – P.D. Sharma, Rastogi Publication, Meerut of modern Plant Pathology – Bilgrami and Dubey, Vikas Publication, New Delhi. 1999. Plant Pathology. Academic Press

- 30. Mehrotra, R.S. 1991. Plant Pathology. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- 31. Miles, P.G. and Chang, S.T. 1997. Mushroom Biology. World Scientific Publ. Company
- 32. Roberts, S. Fritz & Elien. I. Simms. 1992. Plant Resistance to Herbivors and Pathogens (Ecology, Evolutin and Genetics), University of Chicago Press.
- 33. Rudra P. Singh, Uma S. Singh & Keiisuke Kohmoto (eds.) 1995. Pathogenesis and host specificity in plant diseases. Vol. III Pergamon Press.
- 34. Scheffer, R.P. 199. The nature of disease in plants. Cambridge University Press.
- 35. Kumar, H.D. 1988 Introductory Phycology. Affiliated East- West Press Ltd., New Delhi.
- 36. Morris, I.1986. An Introduction to the Algae, Cambridge University Press, U.K.
- 37. Round, F.E. 1986. The Biology of Algae, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 38. Prescott G.W. (1969) The Algae: A Review, Thomas Nelson and sons, London.
- 39. Lee, R.E. (1980) Phycology, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 40. Kumar, H.D. (1990) Introductory Phycology, East west Press, New Delhi.
- 41. Misra, J.N. (1966) Pheaeophyceae of India, ICAR, New Delhi.
- 42. Kumar, H.D.(1989) Algal Cell Biology, 2nd Edition, East west Press New Delhi.
- 43. Desikachary, T.V. (1959), Cyanophyta, ICAR, New Delhi.
- 44. Round , F.E. (1981) The Ecology of Algae. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 45. Round , F.E. (1973) The Biology of Algae. 2nd Edition, Edward and Arnold , London.
- 46. Campbell, D.H. (1961) The evolution of Land Plants. Central Book Depot, Allahabad.
- 47. Ainsworth, G.C. and A.S.Sussman (eds). The Fungi, An advance Treatise Vol.I, II, III & IV Academic Press, New York.
- Alexopoulos, C.J. and Mims C.W. (1979). Introductory Mycology 3rd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Wiley, New York.
- 49. Alexopoulos, C.J., Mims and Black well (1996) 4th ed. John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Wiley, New York.
- 50. Aneja, K.R. (1993) Experimental in Microbiology, Plant Pathology & Tissue Culture, Wiswa Prakashan, New Delhi.
- 51. Bessey, E.A. (1950) Morphology and Taxonomy of Fungi. The Blakiston co. Philadelphia.
- 52. Bilgrami, K.S. and H.C.Dube (1985) A text Book of Modern Plant Pathology, Vikas Publication House, New Delhi.
- 53. Butler E.J. and S. J. Jones (1949) Plant Pathology, Macmillan & Co. New York.
- 54. Dube, R.C. and D. K. Maheshwari (2000) Practical Microbiology S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- 55. Gupta, V.K. and M. K. Behl (1994) Indian Plant Viruses and Mycoplasma Kalyani Publishers, 1/1, Rejinder Nagar, Ludhiana.
- 56. Jha, D.K. (1993) A Text Book of Seed Pathology, Vikas Publication House.
- 57. Manibhushan Rao, K. and A.Mahadevan Recent Development in biocontrol of plant pathogenes. Today and Tomorrow publishers, New Delhi.
- 58. Mehrotra, R.S. and K. R. Aneja (1998) An Introduction to Mycology, New Age Intermediate Press.
- 59. Mukadam, D.S. and L.V. Gangawane (1978) Experimental Plant Pathology (edited) Marathwada University Aurangabad.
- 60. Pande, P.B. (1997) Plant Pathology, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- 61. Preece and Dickeson. Ecology of leaf surface microorganism Academic Press, New York.
- 62. Rangaswamy, G. and A.Mahadevan (1999) Diseases of Crop Plant in India, Prentice Hall of India.
- 63. Sing, R.S. (1994) Plant Pathology, Oxford and IBH Publication Co. New Delhi.
- 64. Thind, T.S. (1998) Diseases of field crops and their management, National Agricultural Technology, Information Centre Ludhiana.
- 65. C. Manoharachary , K. V. B. R. Tilak, K. V. Mallaiah and I. K. Kunwar 2016, Mycology and Microbilogy, Scietific Publishers, Jodhapur Rajasthan.
- 66. KR Aneja, R.S. Mehrotra 2015 An Introduction to Mycology, New Age International private Limited.
- 67. Introduction to Fungi, Bacteria and Viruses 2017 HC Dubey Agribios, India
- 68. Text Book Of Fungi 2010, R.C.Gupta ,O.M.Prakash Sharma Oxford publication.

Learning outcomes:

- On completion of this course, the students will be able to
- 1. Develop understanding on the diversity of algae with reference to thallus organization, pigmentation and life cycles.
- 2. Classify the algae up to genus level and identify based on morphology and reproduction.
- 3. Identify true fungi and demonstrate the principles and applications of plant pathology and human pathology
- 4. Demonstrate skills in plant pathology or mycology for isolation, identification and classification of fungi.
- 5. Identify common local plant diseases according to symptoms and casual organisms.

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022 Year	PG. Programme			
Programme	M.Sc. Botany			
Semester I				
Code of the Course Subject Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week			
DSC III Economic Botany and Resource Ut	ilization 04			
Cos : Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be	e able to			
1. Study the origin, divarication, utility and conservation strategies & natural resources				

2. Study importance of food, fiber, medicines & oil yielding plant.

3. 4. Study the plants and their value in the service & mankind.

Study the conservation of biodiversity.

Unit – I	 1.1 Introduction & levels of Biodiversity, species diversity, genetic diversity, ecosystem diversity 1.2 Biodiversity threats – habitat loss and over exploitation of resources. 1.3 Biodiversity conservation <i>in situ</i> & <i>ex situ</i>; 1.4 Biodiversity and agriculture; biodiversity and food diversity, 			
Unit-II	 commercial value of biodiversity. 2.1 Centers of origin & cultivated plants and gene diversity utilization & cereals, cultivation and improvement of wheat, rice, jowar, Bajra. 2.2 Pulses & forage legumes – general account Origin, evolution, botany, cultivation and uses of Regional Food, Forage and fodder crops such as Sorghum, Cajanus, Maize, Paddy, Pulses. Regional Fiber crops – Cotton, Jute & Coir. Regional Medicinal and aromatic plant such as Withania somnifera, Vinca rosea, Aloe vera, Mentha piperita and Cymbopogon. Regional Oil yielding plants & vegetables (Arachis hypogaea, Gossypium, Brassica sp., Solanum, and Abelmoschus esculentus. v. Spices – Ginger, Turmeric, Cinnamon, Clove, Black paper & Chilies. 			
Unit-III	 3.1 Plants and their value in the service of the mankind 3.2 General account and parts from which these are obtains, methods of extraction and uses, paper making Tannins, Dyes, Gum and Resins, Rubber & Latex. 3.3 Innovative approaches for meeting world food demands modern agricultural approach. 3.4 Plants used as Avenue trees for shade and asthetics. 3.5 Fire wood & Timber woods their identification properties and users, Teak, Shisam, Sal, Neem, Mango, Babul. 			
Unit – IV	 4.1 Strategies for conservation of Biodiversity, causes of decline & Biodiversity. 4.2 Importance of sanctuaries, National parks, Biophere reserves (Tiger reserve with reference to Melghat Tiger Project). Wild Management. 4.3 Conservation of wild germplasm with reference to endangered & threatened species. Sacred groves & threatened species. 			
Unit-V	 5.1 Concept of lead Botanical gardens and Biodiversity parts field gene banks, seed banks. 5.2 Legal aspects of conservation of biodiversity in India. 5.3 General account and activities of national institutes like botanical survey of India (BSI), National Bureau of plant Genetic Resources (NBPGR), Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR), Council of scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) Ministry of Environment & Forest and Climate change 			
	Suggested Reading:			
 Kochhar, S. L. (20) Sambamurty, A.V. Botany, CBS Publ Sharma, A.K.& SI Prakashan, Meeru 	Economic Botany. Campus Books International, New Delhi 012). Economic Botany in the Tropics. Laxmi Publications, New Delhi 7.S.S. & Subrahmanyam, N. S. (2008). A Textbook of Modern Economic lishers 7 Distributors Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi harma, R. (2015). Taxonomy of Angiosperms and utilization of Plants. Pragati t.			
 Economic Botany Economic Botany Economic Botany Groom, M. J., Met Associates, Inc., U Krishnamurthy, K 	 Verma, V. (2013). Text Book of Economic Botany. Ane Books Pvt Ltd, New Delhi. Economic Botany- Hill, Mac Graw Hill Book Comp. Economic Botany- Pandey, S. Chand and Com., New Delhi. Groom, M. J., Meffe, G. R. and C. R. Carroll. 2006. Principles of Conservation Biology. Sinauer Associates, Inc., USA. 			
 Hambler, C. 2004 Van Dyke, F.200 Springer. Hastings, A. (Ed Business Media Neal, D. 2004. Int 	 2004. Conservation. Cambridge University Press. F.2008.Conservation Biology Foundations, Concepts, Applications 2nd Edition, (Ed.). 1953 Population biology: concepts and models. Springer Science and 			
University Press. 16. Begon, M., Morti animals and plants	 and Goldberg, D. E. 2013. Population Ecology: First principles. Princeton mer, M. and Thompson, D. J. 2009. Population ecology: A unified study of s. John Wiley & Sons. 8. Population Ecology of Individuals. Princeton University Press. 2015. Large duction to Deputation Ecology. John Wiley & Sons. 			

17. Lomnicki, A. 1988. Population Ecology of Individuals. Princeton University Pre 18. Rockwood, L. R. 2015. Introduction to Population Ecology. John Wiley & Sons.

Syllabus Pr Programm	escribed for 2022 Year PG. Programme M.Sc. Botany				
4.	become well-versed with the plants utilized by human race.				
3.	apply the strategies for conservation of biodiversity.				
2.	Know about origin and cultivation and various economically importance crop plants.				
1. Understand the pattern origin diversification and cultivation & plant in nature.					
After compl	etion of this course student would be able to –				
-	Learning Outcome:				
	Associates, Inc., USA				
	23. Groom, M. J., Meffe, G. R. and Carroll, C. R. 2006. Principles of Conservation Biology, Sinauer				
	conservation. Oxford University Press.				
	22. Landi, R., Engen, S. and Saether, B. 2003. Stochastic population dynamics in Ecology and				
Population Viability Analysis. W. H. Freeman Publishers.					
21. Morris, W. F. and Doak. D. F. 2002. Quantitative Conservation Biology: Theory and practice					
USA					
	20. Primack, R. 2014. Essentials of Conservation Biology (Sixth Edition). Sinauer Associates, Inc.,				
	Company.				
	19. Smith, R. L. and Smith, T. M. 2014. Elements of Ecology. Benjamin-Cummings Publishing				

Semester I		
Code of the Course Subject	Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week
DSC IV	Plant Development	04

Cos:

Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to

Deal with regulation of growth and development of plants in relation to bio-molecular interaction.
 know the various structural and anatomical components of plant tissue and reproductive parts.
 Understand Structure and development of Flower, Male gametophyte, Female gametophyte, Seed development, dormancy.

Unit-I	Concepts of growth and development, zygote, embryonic development; stages;
	polarity and symmetry, developmental plasticity; Morphogenetic gradients,
	pluripotency; cell fate and cell lineages determination, Meristem development,
	types of meristem; Anatomical features, vascular elements; differentiation of
	xylem, phloem, secretory tissues, Nectaries, laticifers, resin ducts.
Unit-II	Organization of Shoot and Root Apical Meristems (SAM & RAM), molecular
	regulation and mutant analysis in Arabidopsis and Antirrhinum,
	Leaf development, determination of phyllotaxy and molecular regulation in
	Arabidopsis and Antirrhinum; leaf anatomy, development of epidermis,
	mesophyll, trichomes and stomata. Secondary growth; cambium, structure and
	development of wood.
Unit-III	Transition to flowering; morphological and histochemical changes in shoot apex,
	floral meristems and floral development; homeotic mutants in Arabidopsis and
	Antirrhinum, sex determination. Regulation of anther and ovule development,
	microsporogenesis; microgametogenesis, tapetum.
Unit-IV	Pollen development, pollen wall structure and pollen tube formation; Floral
	rewards; pollination; agencies and types of pollination; pollen-pistil interactions,
	pollen tube guidance, self-incompatibility. Double fertilization and triple fusion,
	role of synergids, endosperm development, types of endosperm
Unit-V	Seed structure and development, seed dormancy; mechanism and types and
	significance, seed dispersal, seed germination; mobilization of reserve food,
	Polyembryony, apomixis, apospory, diplospory and adventive embryony, In-
	vitro plant regeneration through embryo, pollen and anther-culture, Senescence;
	mechanism; metabolic changes and factors affecting senescence
	Suggested Reading:
1.	Bailey, J.D. and Black, M. 1994. Seeds: Physiology of development and Germination, Plenum
	Press, New York.
2.	Fahn, A. 1982. Plant Anatomy. (3rd edition). Pergamon Press, Oxford.
3.	Fosket, D.E. 1004. Plant Growth and Development. A Molecular approach. Academic Press, San
	Diego.
4.	Howell, S.H. 1998. Molecular Genetics of Plant Development Cambridge University Press,
	Cambridge.
5.	Lyndon, R.F. 1990. Plant Development. The Cellular Basis. Unnin Hyman, London.
6.	Mauseth, J.D. 1988. Plant Anatomy. Benjamin Cummings. California.
7.	Pullaiah, T., Naidu, K.C., Lakshminarayana, K., and Hanumantha Rao, B. 2007. Plant
	Development. Regency Publications, New Delhi.

8.	Salisbury, F.B. and Ross, C.W. 1992. Plant Physiology (4th edition) Wordsworth Publishing,
9.	Belmont, California. Steeves, T.A. and Susses, I.M. 1989. Patterns in Plant Development (2nd edition), Cambridge
9.	University Press, Cambridge.
10	Waisel, Y., Eshel, A. and Kafkaki, V. (eds) 1996. Plant Roots: the Hidden Hall (2 nd edition).
10.	Marcel Dekker, New York. Taiz, L. and Zeiger, F. (1998): The Plant Physiology. Second Edition,
	Sunderland: Sinauer Associates.
11.	Wilkins, M. B. (1976): Physiology of Plant Growth and Development. McGrow-Hill Publishing
	Company Limited.
12.	Shivanna, K. R. and Rangaswamy N. S.1992. Pollen Biology - A Laboratory Manual, Narosa
	Publishing House, New Delhi.
13.	Batygina T. B.2009. Embryology of Flowering Plants Terminology and Concepts, Volume 3,
	Reproductive Systems, Science Publishers, USA.
	Raghavan V.2000. Developmental Biology of Flowering Plants, Springer-Verlag, New York.
15.	Bhojwani S. S. and Bhatnagar S. P.1992. The Embryology of Angiosperms, Vikas Publishing
16	House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
	Johri B.M. 1984. Comparative Embryology of Angiosperms, Ind. Nat. Sci. Acad., New Delhi.
1/.	Maheshwari P.1985. An Introduction to Embryology of Angiosperms, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
18	Esau K.1985. Plant anatomy, 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi.
	Metcalf C. R. and Chalk L.1950. Anatomy of Dicots Vol. I & II, London Press, Oxford.
	Romberger J. A., Hejnowicz Z. and Hill J. F.1993. Plant Structure: Function and Development,
20.	Springer-Verlag.
21.	Nair P.K.K. Essentials of Palynology, Asha Publishing House, New York.
22.	Shivanna, K. R. and Sawhney V. K.1997. Pollen Biotechnology for Crop Production and
	Improvement, Cambridge University press. U.K.
	Lyndon R. F.1990. Plant Development, the Cellular Basis. Cambridge University Press, UK.
24.	Hesse M. and Ehrendorfer F.1990. Morphology, Development and Systematic Relevance of
	Pollen and Spores, Springer-Verlag, New York.
25.	Kashinath Bhattacharya, M. R. Majumdar and S. G. Bhattacharya. 2006. A text Book of
	Palynology, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd., Kolkata, India Learning Outcome:
	After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:
	1. Know about plant anatomical structure, their developmental patterns.
	2. Identify plant reproductive parts development of male, female gametophytes, seed
	and fruits.
	3. Know anomalous Secondary Growth.
	4. Apply the knowledge of anatomy, structure and functions to all flowering plants.
	5. Apply the embryological techniques and methods to various plant species and
	situations.
	6. Understand and apply the knowledge of pollen biology and methods and techniques
	to various plant species.

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022 Programme: M. Sc. Botany	Year PG Prog	ramme
Semester I Code of the	Title of the Course/Subject	(No. of Periods/Week)
Course/Subject	(Laboratory/Practical/practicu m/hands-on/Activity)	
Practical – I	Practical based on DSC I & II	06

DSC I Cell and Molecular Biology

COs:

Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to demonstrate the following activities/tasks

Laboratory Exercises

- 1. Differential Centrifugation for isolation of cell fractions.
- 2. Isolation and extraction of cell organelles like mitochondria/ chloroplast.
- 3. Isolation of Polytene Chromosome from Chironomus/ Drosophila larvae.
- 4. Isolation and observations of B Chromosome.
- 5. Preparation of cytological slides for chromosomal non-disjunction in *Rhoeo/ Tradescantia*.
- 6. Prepare slides of mitosis and meiosis in some monocots and dicots like Allium, Aloe, Maize, Brassica etc.
- 7. To determine mitotic index.
- 8. SDS PAGE separation of seed storage proteins and quantification of each fragment.
- 9. Isolation and purification of genomic DNA from plant materials by CETAB Method.
- 10. Isolation and purification of RNA from plants.
- 11. Quantitative estimation of genomic DNA and RNA using spectrophotometer.
- 12. Agarose gel electrophoresis of genomic DNA and RNA and detection using gel documentation system.
- 13. Digestions of DNA by restriction enzymes and size fractionation of fragments
- 14. Isolation of Plant DNA and prepare Cot curve.
- 15. Demonstration of western blotting.
- 16. Study of electron micrographs of cell organelles.
- 17. Study of permeability of living cell to acids and bases.
- 18. Visit to National Laboratory or Research Lab to study latest techniques or sophisticated equipment from technical person.

Evolution and Diversity of Algae and Fungi:

1	Morphological study and monographs of Algae :(Any 12 of the following)
1	Oscillatoria, Nostoc, Anabaena, Spirullina, Gleotricha, Chlamydomonas, Eudorina,
	Volvox, Closterium, Hydrodictyon, Pediastrum, Cladophora, Ulva, Pithophora,
	Draparnaldia, Cosmarium, Chlorella, Acetabularia, Chara, Nitella, Laminaria,
	Voucharia, Sargassum, Padina, Ectocarpus, Batrachospermum, Gracillaria,
	Gellidium, Polysiphonia, Diatoms.
2	Morphological Studies and monograph of Fungi (any 15 of the following)
2	Stemonities, Perenospora, Phytopthora, Albugo, Mucor, Rhizopus, Yeast, Aspergillus,
	Penicillium, Chaetomium, Taphrina, Peziza, Erisyphe, Phyllactenia, Uncinula,
	Melampsora, Uromyces, Drechslera, Ravenallia, Ustilago, Polyporus, Morchella,
	Cyathus, , Alternaria, Helminthosporium, Curvularia, Colletotrichum, Phoma,
	Plasmodiophora, Cercospora, Fusarium, Claviceps.
3	Permeant Slides or Culture of following fungal forms
5	Rhizopus, Mucor, Aspergillus, Penicillum, Drechslera, Curvularia. Phoma,
	Colletotrichum, Alternaria, Helminthosporium Trichoderma.
4	Symptomology of some diseased plants (any 10 of the following).
-	White rust of Crucifers, Downy mildew, powdery mildew, Rusts, Smuts, Ergot,
	Groundnut leaf spot (Tikka disease), False smut of paddy, red rot of Sugarcane, Wilt
	disease, Citrus canker, Angular leaf spot of cotton, Leaf mosaic of bhindi/ papaya, Leaf
	curl of tomato/Potato/Papaya, Little leaf of Brinjal, Types of Lichens.
5	Field study: i) Collection of Algal material from water reservoirs
	(ii) Photography of Diseased plant parts
	(iii) Microphotography of fungal isolates
	Learning Outcome:
	Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to
	opon completion of this course successfully, students would be use to
	1. Create monographs of algal isolates.
	2. Classify and identify algal genus
	3. Demonstrate the application of algae in different fields
	4. Create monographs of fungal isolates
	5. Classify and identify algal genus.
	6. Perform Diagnosis of plant diseases
	7. Create compendium of plant diseases

* List of Practical/Laboratory Experiments/Activities etc.

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022 Year Programme: M. Sc. Botany

PG Programme

Semester I Code of the Course/Subject	Title of the Course/Subject (Laboratory/Practical/practicu m/hands-on/Activity)	(No. of Periods/Week)
Practical II	Practical based on DSC III & DSC- IV	06

* List of Practical/Laboratory Experiments/Activities etc (Economic Botany and Resource Utilization).

Practical Course is divided into three units

- 1) Laboratory work
- 2) Field Survey
- 3) Scientific visits

laboratory work.

- 1) Morphology, Anatomy, uses, micro chemical tests for stored food material for following food crops. Wheat, Rice Jowar, Maize, Chickpea (Bengal gram), Potato, Sugarcane.
- 2) Study of any three important forage/fodder crops of the locality ex. Sorghum, Bajra, Wheat, Maize.
- 3) Plant fibres. Morphology, anatomy, microscopic study of following fibres.
- 4) Study of textile fibre:
 - a. Cotton, Jute, Coir, Linen, Sun hemp, Cannabis.
 - b. Study of cordage fibre Coir.
 - c. Fibbers for stuffing Cotton, Silk Cotton or Kapok
- 5) Study of Medicinal and aromatic plants: Depending on the geographical location of the college/ University select five medicinal and aromatic plants from a garden crop field or from the wild only if they are abundantly available.

Catharanthus roseus, Adhatoda zeylamica (Syn. A. vasica), Allium sativum, Withania somnifera, Tinospora cordifolia, Centella asiatica, Phyllanthus niruri, Aloe barbadense, Commiphora mukul, Asparagus racemosus, Mentha piperata, Ocimum sanctum, Vetiveria zizanoides, Rauvolfia serpentina, Cymbopogon Sp., Cissus quadrangularis, Tribulus terrestris, Vitex negundo, Abrus precatorius. Study of live or herbarium specimens for other visual materials to become familiar with these sources. (Morphology, identification, uses, products & conservation studies.

- 6) Vegetable oils: Mustard, Ground nut, Soyabean, Coconut, Sunflower and Castor. Morphology, microscopic studies of the oil-yielding tissues, test for oil and iodine number
- 7) Study of Gums, Resins tannis & Dyes Perform simple test for gums and resins prepare a water extract of vegetable tannins (*Acacia, Terminalia*, Tea, *Cassia* sp. *Myrobalans*) and dyes (Turmeric, *Bixa orellana, Butea monosperma, Indigo, Lawsonia inermis*) and perform test to understand chemical nature.
- 8) To prepare ombrothermic diagram for different sites based on given data and comment on climate

Course Outcomes – Students would be able to

- 1. Know the importance cultivation & uses of economically important plants.
- 2. Identify medicinal plants & uses of medicinal plants, which are locally available.
- 3. Survey extramural, sources of various non-wood forest products.
- 4. Know Conservation strategies of rare & threatened plant species
- 5. Identify important plants & their value in the service of the mankind

BOEC I

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022	Year	PG. Programme				
Programme		M.Sc. Botany				
Semester I						
Code of the Course Subject	Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week				
BOEC I	Medicinal Plant Diversity	04				
Cos: Upon completion of this course successfully, students would be able to						
1. study the Ethnic tribes	in ethnobotany					

- study the significance and cultivation of medicinal plants
 be aware about IPR.
 know the organizations' working in these lines.

Unit-I	History of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants, terms used in herbal medicine							
	Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani, Homeopathy, Aroma Therapy.							
Unit-II	Importance of Medicinal Plants, Databases Organization, Natural							
	Sweeteners, Herbal Products and Preparation.							
	Cultivation practices of some medicinal plants like: Asparagus,							
Unit-III	Chlorophytum, Tinospora cordifolia, Dioscorea, Aloe sp. Conservation,							
	Rate data book, CBD, FAO Mandate.							
Unit-IV	Ethno Botany: History, significance, scope and objective, branches, Tribes							
	of India, Ethno-Medicine,							
Unit-V	Intellectual property rights: IPR, Patents, Trade secrets, Trademarks,							
	TRIPS, PGR, Copyrights, GATT & International Trade.							
	Suggested Reading:							
1. V.V. Sivarajan	& I. Balachandran, (1994). Ayurvedic Drugs and their Plant. Oxford & IBH.							
2. Cultivation of N	Iedicinal and Aromatic Plants by A.A. Farooqi (2004).							
3. Ethnomedicine	and Human Welfare by Irfan Ali Khan and AtiyaKhatun (Vol- I, II, III, IV & V)							
4. Handbook of A	yurvedic Medicinal Plants by L.D. Kapoor (2005).							
5. Handbook of M	APs by S.K. Bhattacharjee (2009).							
6. Handbook of M	edicinal and Aromatic Plants by S.K. Bhattacharjee (2004).							
	l Plants (Vol 1- 4) by K.R. Kirtikar and B.D. Basu (2006).							
	l Plants by P.C. Trivedi (2009).							
0	icinal Plants Social Forestry & Tribals by M.P. Singh et al. (2003).							
	nd Bioethics by Goel and Parashar (2013)							
	Categories by IUCN (1993).							
	Aromatic Plants by H. C. Srivastava, ICAR (2014)							
	conous plants of India, by C. Algesi Boopathi (2021)							
	ultivation: A Scientific Approach by S.S. Purohit (2004).							
	s: Chemistry and Properties by M. Daniel, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt.							
Ltd.	a Concernation Cultivation & Utilization by A.K. Channe Dave nublishing							
	s: Conservation Cultivation & Utilization by A.K. Chopra, Daya publishing							
house, Trinagar	edicinal Plants: Hallucinogenic and Narcotic Drugs by Rita Singh; Global Vision							
Publishing Hou								
	in Medicinal Plants Vol.12, Globalization of Herbal Health by A.K. Sharma							
(2006).	in Medeniar France Vol.12, Globalization of Herbar Health by A.K. Sharma							
	edicinal and Aromatic Plants, ICAR (2018).							
	Vol- I & II) by A. Ashok and P. V. Lakshmaiah (2018).							
	s of Uttarakhand by C.P. Kala (2010).							
	vurvedic Medicinal Plants by L.D. Kapoor (2005). Medicinal Plants: Biodiversity							
	K. Rai, G A. Cordell, J L. Martinez, M Marinoff, L Rastrelli							
	edicine – Ahmad Iqbal, Aqil Farrukh, Owais Mohammad							
	24. Herbal medicine: bimolecular & clinical aspects - FF Benzie & SW Galor.							
	1							
Learning Outc	ome:							
The students will be able to								
	elaborate the history, scope and significance of medicinal plants.							
	nowledge in cultivation of medicinal plants that are rare and endangered.							
	these plants practically in minor ailments.							
	and <i>in-situ</i> conservation of some rare medicinal plants.							
5. Know patent	ing and preservation of Traditional knowledge.							

		1	r					c. Part I) Sei	mester II	1							
S.	Subject	Subject						earning Scheme Du						1			
No.		Code	Te	Feaching Periods Per			Credits		of Exam	Theory		Practical		Total			
				,	Week					Hours		1		1	Marks		sing
			L	Т	Р	Total	L/T	Practical	Total		Theory+ MCQ	Theory Internal	Internal	External		Marks	Grade
											External						
1	DSC-V Plant Physiology	BOT 201	3	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
2	AEC- II Modern Techniques	BOT 202	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	50	-	50	25	Р
3	DSC-VI Evolution and Diversity of Bryophytes and Pteridophytes	BOT 203	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
4	DSC -VII Genetics and Plant Breeding	BOT 204	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
5	DSC- VIII Plant Biochemistry and Pharmacognosy	BOT 205	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
6	Lab- 3 Practical Based on DSC V & VI	BOL 201	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
7	Lab-4 Practical Based on DSC VII & DSC- VIII	BOL 202	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
8	# Internship/ Field Work/ Work Experience @																
9	Open elective/ GIC/ Open skill/ MOOC* Floriculture and nursery Management	OEC-I	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
	Total					28			26						650		

Scheme of Teaching, Learning & Examination leading to the Degree in Master of Science in the Programme Botany (Two year- Four Semester Degree Programme- C.B.C.S.) (M Sc. Part D Semester II

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical

Student may complete their Internship/ Field Work/ Work experience in First or Second or Third semester of Master of Science in the Programme, according to their convenience; @ denotes Non-Examination credits.

Note: Internship/ Apprenticeship/ Field Work Experience (during vacations of semester I to III. This will carry 2 credits for learning of 60 hours or 3 Credits for learning of 90 hours. Its credits and grades will be reflected in final semester IV credit grade report.

-OEC (Optional) can be studied during semester I to IV

Syllabus Prescribed	for 2022 Year	PG. Programme							
Programme		M.Sc. Botany							
Semester II									
Code of the Course S	Subject Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week							
DSC V	Plant Physiology	03							
Cos : Upon completion of the	this course successfully, students would be	e able to							
Grasp concepts of proteins, enzymes, basic plant signaling mechanisms, sensory photobiology. deal with physiology of nutrient uptake, photosynthesis and nitrogen metabolism									
I. 4 I	Bioenergetics, enzyme kinetics:								
Unit-I		Bioenergetics; Gibbs's free energy, concept of nzymes, enzyme kinetics, enzyme regulation and							
Unit-II	photoprotective mechanisms; mechanis carbon fixation; C3, C4, and CAM	volution; energy funneling, antenna pigment system, sms of electron transport; photosynthesis inhibitors, 1 pathways and their evolutionary relationship, photorespiratory pathways; C2 cycle and its							
Unit-III	Respiration and secondary metabolit Regulation of glycolysis; citric acid cy transport and ATP synthesis; PPP, Glyc	cle, alternate oxidase; plant mitochondrial electron oxylate pathway and its significance.							
Unit-IV	action. Auxins Gibberellins, Cytokir Jasmonic acids, Polyamines, salicylic a Structure, function and photomorphoge	nesis: transport; physiological effects and mechanisms of nins, Ethylene, Abscissic acid, Brassinosteriods,							
Unit-V	Solute transport and photo assimilate								
	through cells, xylem and phloem; men mechanisms of loading and unloading of Assimilation of nitrate, ammonia, sulph	nur and phosphate.							
5. Buchanan B	Suggested Read	D. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plants.							
American Sc 6. Galston, A.V York,USA.	ociety of Plant Physiologists, Maryland, U. W. 1989. Life Processes in Plants. Sci	JSA. ientific American Library, Springer-Verlag, New							
Hormones, E 8. Hopkins, W.	Elsevier, Amesterdam, The Netherlands. .G. 1995. Introduction to Plant Physiology Berk, A., Zipursky, S.L., Matsudaira, P., J	1999. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plant y. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, USA. Baltimore, D., and Darnell, J. 2000. Molecular Cell							
		Plant Hormones (second edition). Springer-Verlag,							
San Diego, U	USA.	Plant Physiology (second edition), Academic Press, iology (4th edition). Wadsworth Publishing Co.,							
California, U 14. Singhal, G.S	JSA. S., Renger, G., Sopory. S.K., Irrgang, K.D	D. and Govindejee 1999. Concepts in Photobiology.							
 Photosynthesis and Photomorphogenesis, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi. 15. Taiz, L. and Zeiger, E. 1998. Plant Physiology (2nd edition). Academic Press, San Diego, U.S./ Westhoff, P. (1998) Molecular Plant Development: from Gene to Plant. Oxford University Press, Oxfor UK. 									
16. Plummer, D. New Delhi.	-	ochemistry. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.							
 Wilson, K. and Goulding, K.H. (Eds), 1992. A Biologist Guide to Principles and Techniques Practical Biochemistry (3rd Edition). Manas Saikia for Foundation Books, New Delhi. Sadasivam, S. and Manickam A., 1996. Biochemical methods (2nd Edition). New Age Internation Publishers New Delhi. 									
Learning O Upon completion of t	utcome: his course successfully, students would be	e able to							
und infl	lerstanding of interaction and regulation	physiological processes together with a better on of growth, metabolism and development and c will be able to communicate scientific ideas in both							

2.	showcase knowledge of various signal transduction mechanisms in plants. The concept of second
	messengers, calcium signaling, kinases/phosphatases in plant signaling would be delineated to
	enhance their grasping power for understanding of different signaling pathways operative in
	plants. Two component signaling concept would be introduced and extended to plant hormone
	signaling. Quorum sensing and its potential biotechnological applications should be clear to
	students after these classes.
3.	gain knowledge about various mechanisms such as channel or transport proteins involved in
	nutrient uptake in plants. Further the course will deal with various phytohormones and their role
	in physiology of growth and development. This course will introduce students to physiological
	advances in sensory photobiology.

Syllabus	Prescribed for 2022 Year PG. Programme
Program	nme M.Sc. Botany
Semester	r II
Code of	the Course Subject Title of the Couse/ Subject No. of periods/ week
	EC II Modern Techniques 01
Cos:	mpletion of this course successfully, students would be able to
	1. learn about the latest techniques used in plant sciences
	2. get training on the tools and techniques.
	3. know the principle and applications of these techniques.
Unit I	1.1 Electrophoresis: Principle, types, separation of proteins and nucleic acids, buffer, detection assay, storage, safety of application. Western blotting, Northern blotting, southern blotting
	1.2 Fundamentals of chromatographic separation methods – Definition, Principles of chromatography, sorption mechanisms - differential migration, partition and adsorption phenomena; Classification of different chromatographic methods; Methods of development- Elution development, Gradient elution development, displacement development and frontal analysis. Dynamics of chromatography-efficiency of chromatographic column, zone spreading, Height Equivalent to Theoretical plate (HETP).
	1.3 Column chromatography: principles, general aspects, adsorption isotherms, chromatographic media, nature of forces between adsorbent and solutes, eluents, (mobile phase), column chromatography without detectors and liquid chromatography with detectors and applications.
	1.4 Paper chromatography: principle, papers as a chromatographic medium, modified papers, solvent systems, mechanism of paper chromatography, experimental technique, different development methods-ascending, descending, horizontal, circular spreading, multiple development, two-dimensional development, reverse phase paper chromatographic technique visualization and evaluation of chromatograms, applications.
	1.5 Thin Layer Chromatography: Principle, chromatographic media-coating materials, applications, activation of adsorbent, sample development, solvent systems, development of chromatoplate, types of development, visualization methods, documentation, applications in the separation, HPTLC principle, technique, applications.
	Suggested Reading:
	Schewer M.A. and Zeclinskin. 1989. Methods in plant Molecular biology. Academic Press New York.
	Wilson E and Walker J. 2000. Practical Biochemistry Principles and Techniques. Cambridge publications. Ream W and Field K.G.1999. Molecular Biology Techniques Academic Press London.
	Plummer, D.T. (1996). An Introduction to Practical Biochemistry. Tata McGraw-Hill
	Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi. 3 rd edition.
	Ausubel, F., Brent, R., Kingston, R. E., Moore, D.D., Seidman, J.G., Smith, J.A., Struhl, K. (1995). Short
	Protocols in Molecular Biology. John Wiley & Sons. 3 rd edition.
	Douglas A. Skoog, Donald M. West and F. James Holler, analytical chemistry an introduction, Saunders
	college publishing, New york, 1990.
	J. Bassett, R.C. Denny, G. Jeffery and J. Mendham. Vogel's text book of inorganic Quantitative analysis,
	4th edition, Longman group Ltd, Harlow, 1985.
	Pietrazyk and Frank. Analytical chemistry, 1990.
	KVSG Muralikrishna, An Introduction to ISO 14000, Environmental Management, 1998.
	Y.Anjaneyulu, Quality Assurance and GLP – IGNOU Pub., New Delhi, 1999.
	Omachonu V.K.and Ross J.E. Principles of Total quality, S.Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.
	Werner Funk, Vera Damman, Gerhild Donnervert. Quality Assurance in Analytical Chemistry, VCH

12. Werner Funk, Vera Damman, Gerhild Donnervert. Quality Assurance in Analytical Chemistry, VCH Publishers, New York, NY (USA), 1997.

13.	Bertamd L.Hanser and Prabhakar	Ghani.	Quality Control	and Applications	, Prentice-Hall
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Learning Outcome: Students would be able to-

- Become expert in laboratory preparation as well as chemical preparations of different concentrations. Apply electrophoresis techniques for biological sample analysis. Standardize the process and techniques on basis of knowledge. Analyze and interpret the results with accuracy. 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5. demonstrate the various chromatographic techniques.

Syllabus Prescribed	for 2022 `	Year	PG. Programme				
Programme			M.Sc. Botany				
0			Wi.St. Dotany				
Semester II							
Code of the Course S	Subject	Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week				
DSC VI Ev	olution a	nd Diversity of Bryophytes an	d Pteridophytes 04				
Cos :							
	his course	successfully, students would be	e able to				
-r - r		,,					
			plants and morphology and reproduction in				
bryophytes, p							
		nd Economic Importance of bry					
		to various groups, study their in into various groups, study their	importance and multiplication of important ferns				
		ts of Bryophytes and Pteridopl					
Unit I: Bryophyta			ytes with special emphasis on thallus organization				
		and sporophyte evolution, foss	il Bryophytes, Bryology in India.				
	2.	G. M. Smith (1955) Classifica	5 1 5				
	3.		structure and reproduction, Comparative account				
		and distinguished adoptive fea	ture of: -				
	Hepatic						
		i. Sphaerocarples ii. Marchantiales					
		iii. Anthocerotales					
			iv. Jungermanniales				
		v. Metzgeriales					
		vi. Calobryales					
Unit II: Bryophyta	1.	Alternation of generation in B					
	2.		structure and reproduction with special reference to				
	N	key distinguishing characters i	n: -				
	Musci:	i. Sphagnales					
		ii. Andreales					
		iii. Eubryales					
		iv. Takakiales					
	3.	Contribution of Shiv Ram Kas	hyap, Ram Udar and S. C. Srivastava in Bryology.				
			ort genera of India and conservation of bryophytes.				
Unit III:	1.		eridophytes, heterospory and seed habit, evolution				
Pteridophyta			bry, evolution of sorus, apogamy, apospory and				
	2.	apomixis. G.M. Smith (1955) Classificat	ion of Pteridonhyta				
	3.		ig classes with emphasis on evolution:				
	5.	i. Psilophytopsida: <i>Rhy</i>					
		ii. Psilotopsida: Psilotur	1 2				
			ium, Lepidodendron, Lepidocarpon, Selaginella,				
		Isoetes.					
	1		Sphenophyllum, Calamites, Equisetum.				
Unit IV: Ptoridophyte	1. 2.		gia: position, ontogeny types, structure.				
Pteridophyta	۷.	with special reference to phylo	da: Eusporangiate (Ophioglossales and Marattiales) geny of Ophioglossales.				

	3. Protoleptosporongiate (Osmunda, Leptopteris)					
	4. Leptosporongiate:					
	a) Filicales (<i>Hymenophyllum, Adiantum, Pteris, Dryopteris</i>)					
	b) Marsileales (<i>Marsilea</i>)c) Salvineales (<i>Salvinia, Azolla</i>).					
	 5. Endangered and endemic pteridophytes and their conservation 					
Unit V: Role and	1. Emerging source for herbal remedies and usability of bryophytic material i					
Applications	forensic studies.					
rppications	2. Economic importance of Bryophytes, Bryophytes as monitors of minera					
	deposition, Air Pollution Indicators.					
	3. Diversity of Ferns - an ecological perspective, Cultivation and maintenance of					
	ornamental ferns.					
	4. Ethnomedicinal uses of Pteridophytes.					
	Suggested Reading:					
1. Cav	ers, F. (1976). The inter relationships of the bryophyte. S.R. Technic, Ashok					
	path, Patna.					
	pra, R. N. and Kumar, P. K. (1988). Biology of bryophytes. John Wiley& Sons, New Yorl					
NY						
	hyap, S. R. (1932). Liverworts of the Western Himalayas and the Panjab plain (illustrated) 2 The Chronica Boanica New Delhi.					
	hyap, S. R. (1929). Liverworts Of The Western Himalayas And The Panjab Plain Part					
	onica Botanica New Delhi.					
	har, N. S. (1980). Bryophytes: An introduction to Embryophyta Vol I, Bryophya central Boo					
Dep						
6. Prei	n puri (1981). Bryophytes: Morphology, Growth and Differentiation, Atma ram and Son					
Nev	v Delhi.					
	r, R. (1975). Bryology in India: Chronica Botanica Co., [c], New Delhi.					
	r, R. (1970). Introduction to Bryophyta. Shashidhar Malaviya Prakashan Lucknow					
	son, E. V. (1971). Structure and life of bryophytes 3rd, Hutchinson University Librar					
	don.					
	ofield, W.B. (1985). Introduction to Bryology. Macmillan. ISBN, 0029496603					
	0029496602. Iderpoorten, A. and Goffinet, B. (2009). Introduction to bryophytes. Cambridge Universit					
	ss, Cambridge ISBN 978-0-521-70073-3.					
12. Goffinet, B. and Shaw, A. J. (Edited) (2008). Bryophyte biology. 2nd ed. – XIV + 565 p						
	abridge University Press, Cambridge. ISBN 978-0-521-69322-6.					
	er, A.F. (1979). Experimental biology of ferns. Academic Press					
14. Rai	nker, T.A. and Haufler, C.H. (2008). Biology and Evolution of Ferns and Lycophyte					
	nbridge University Press, Cambridge					
15. Mel	nlereter, K., Walker, L.A. and Sharpe, J.M. (2010). Fern Ecology. Cambridge Universit					
	ss, Cambridge					
	har, N.S. 1991, Bryophyta, Central Book Depot, Allahabad.					
	har, N.S. 1996, Biology and Morphology of Pteridophytes. Central Book Depot, Allahabad					
	i, P. 1980, Bryophytes. Atma Ram and Sons, Delhi.					
	vart, W.N. and Rothwell, G.W. 1993. Paleobotany and the Evolution of Plants. Cambridg versity Press.					
	upbell, D.H. (1961) The evolution of Land Plants. Central Book Depot, Allahabad.					
	th G.M (1955) Cryptogamic Botany Vol-II. Bryophyta and Pteridophyta McGraw Hill.Boc					
	New York					
	n Udar (1970) An introduction to Bryophyta, Sadashiv Malviya Prakashan, Lucknow.					
	R. Vashishta (Revised by A.K. Sinha), Reprint Edition 2005					
24. Spo	rne, K.R.(1976) : Morphology of Pteridophytes.					
	th, G.M. (1976): Cryptogamic Botany Vol.II, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., Net					
Dell						
26. Rashid, A (1976): An introduction to Pteridophyta, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.						
	har N.S. (1976): The biology and morphology of the Pteridophyta, Central Book Depo					
	habad. 2009 A. L (1974): Marphalagu of Vacaular Planta, lawar groups, Tata Ma Crow Hill publishin					
	nes, A.J.(1974): Morphology of Vascular Plants- lower groups, Tata Mc-Graw Hill publishin New Delhi.					
	rning Outcome:					
	bletion of this course, the student would be able to:					
	ophytes into various groups, study their importance					
	idophytes into various groups, study their importance and multiplication of important ferns					
	eness on the threats to biodiversity and sensitize towards the Biodiversity Conservation for					
	evelopment.					

Syllabus Prescribed for 202	2 Year	PG. Programme					
Programme	I	M.Sc. Botany					
Semester II							
Code of the Course Subject	Title of the Couse/ Subject	No. of periods/ week					
DSC VII	Genetics and Plant Breeding	04					
Cos:							
Upon completion of this cour	rse successfully, students would be	able to					
1. understand the conc	ept of classical and modern genetics	s clearly.					
2. study the inheritance		terra la calina da calendaria di cur					
	romosomes in evolution and the fact l breeding and their significance in c						
5. study the variation i		nop improvement.					
Unit-I		Mendelian inheritance; codominance, incomplete					
		pleiotropy, genomic imprinting, penetrance, chondria and chloroplast Genome, its inheritance					
	and effect,	• · · ·					
Unit-II		ns; deletion, duplication, inversion, translocation,					
	complex translocation. Chromosomal Numerical aberrati	ons, Aneuploidy and Euploidy and their genetic					
	implications.						
	Polyploidy: Types, origin and mei	otic behaviour, volution; banding patterns, applications					
Unit-III		us and induced mutations; causes, physical and					
	chemical mutagens, genetic recom	bination and repair					
		maps, tetrad analysis, restriction mapping nheritance, heritability and its measurements,					
	QTL mapping	internatice, nernability and its incusurements,					
Unit-IV		g methods; self-pollinated crops; mass selection,					
	selection, Hybridization	ction, bulk method, backcross method, Clonal					
	Mutational breeding: chemical	mutagenesis, physical mutagenesis, treatments,					
	selections of mutants. Macro and micro mutants, significance in crop improveme						
Unit-V	Role of polyploids in plant breeding, heterosis and inbreeding depression Population genetics: Allele frequencies and genotype frequencies, random matin						
	and Hardy-Weinberg principle, Implications of Hardy-Weinberg principle, rate of						
	change in gene, frequency through genetic drift.	natural selection, mutation, migration and random					
	Biostatistics: samples, data, grap	hs, frequency distribution, mean, variance and					
	deviation, Binomial and Poisson d	*					
1. Atherly, A.	Suggested Readin G Girton J.R and Mc Donald J.F	. 1999. The Science of Genetics. Saunders College					
Publishing	, Harcourt Brace College Publishers	s, New York					
2. Benjamin A New York,		eeptual Approach. W.H, Freeman and Company,					
		P. 1991. Principles of Genetics, (8 th edition) John					
	ons Inc., New York.						
	analysis (7th edition). W.H Freeman	ontin, R.C., Geibart., W.M, 1993. An Introduction n & Company New York					
5. HartI D. L.	., Jones E.W. 2001. Genetics an ana	alysis of Genes and Genomes (5 th edition). Jones					
	Publishers, Boston and Cummings M B 2003 Conce	epts of Genetics. (7 th edition) Pearson Education,					
Singapore.		epis of Generics. (7 Carton) Fearson Education,					
7. Russell, P San Franci		roach (2 nd edition). Pearson/Benjamin Cummings,					
		n's outline series, McGraw Hill, New York.					
		s (3rd edition), Wm. C Brown Publishers.					
	a Raton, Florida.	Plant Chromosomes: Laboratory Methods. CRC					
11. Sharma, A	A.K. and Sharma, A. 1999. Plan	nt Chromosomes: Analysis, Manipulation and					
	g. Harwood Academic Publishers, A						
		04. Cytogenetics, Evolution and Plant Breeding. 1975. Cytogenetics and plant breeding (Revised					
Edition) Edition	ds. Krishnaswamy. P. Varadachary a	& Co., Madras.					
	958. Plant Breeding and Cytogeneti gh, U. 1984. Genetics. Holt – Saude	cs. McGrawHill Publications, London.					
		ng – Mendelian to Molecular Approaches. Narosa					
Publishing	House, New Delhi.						
	., Carey, J.C. Bamshed, M.J. & W cientific Publ. Amsterdam.	Thite, R.L. 2003. Medical Genetics (3rd edition),					
18. Sen, S. Kar	r, D.K. 2005. Cytology and Genetics	s – Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.					
19. Allard, R.V	N.1960. Principles of Plant Breeding	g. John Wiley & Sons. Inc. New York.					

	20. Backcock., E.B. 2001 Genetics and Plant breeding. Agrobios (India), Jodhpur
	21. Basra, A. S.2000. Heterosis and hybrid seed production In Agronomic Crops (Basra, A.S. Ed.).
	M.S. Swaminathan Research Foundation, Taraman Industrial Area, Chennai.
	22. Bose, T.K., Mitra S.K. & Sadhu, M.K.1986. Propagation of Tropical and Subtropical
	Horticultural Crops. Naya Prakash, Calcutta.
	23. Briggs, F.N & Knowles, P.F 1967. Introduction to Plant Breeding. Reinhold Publ. Co., New
	York/ Amsterdam/ London.
	24. Chopra, V. L. 2000. Plant Breeding. Theory and Practicals (2 nd edition), Oxford & IBH Publ. Co.
	Pvt Ltd., New Delhi.
	25. Frankel, R & Galum, E.1977. Pollination Mechanisms, Reproduction and Plant Breeding.
	Springer-Verlag, Berlin/Heidelberg/NewYork.
	26. Jain H.K. & Kharkwal, M.C.(Eds.) 2004. Plant Breeding: Mendelian to Molecular Approaches
	. Narosa Publishing. House, New Delhi, Chennai, Mumbai, Calcutta.
	27. Poehlman, J.M & David.A.S.1995. Field Crops (4th edition). Panima Publ. Co., New Delhi/
	Bangalore.
	28. Poehlman, J.M. & Borthakur, D. 1959. Breeding Asian Field Crops with Special Reference to
	Crops of India. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta.
	29. Russel, G.E. 1985. Progress in Plant Breeding In Russel G E (Ed.) Butter Worth & Co. Publ.
	Ltd., Calcutta.
	30. Sharma, J R. 1994 Principles and Practice of Plant Breeding, Tata-McGraw-Hill Publ. Co. Ltd,
	New Delhi.
	31. Simmond, N.W.1976. Evolution of Crop Plants. N.W Simmond (Ed.) Edinburgh School of
	Agriculture & Longman Group Ltd.
	32. Singh B. D. (2015). Plant Breeding-Principles and Methods (10 th Edition).
	Kalyani publishers., Ludhiana.
	Learning outcome:
	ompletion of the course student would be able to-
1.	Differentiate the genetics changes and can justify the reasons.
2.	signify the maternal inheritance can be very well elaborated.
3.	Explain how mutations can lead to variation and lethality.
4.	apply their knowledge to the changes in population genetics.

Syllabus Prescribed for 20	2022 Year PG. Programme							
Programme	M.Sc. Botany							
Semester II								
Code of the Course Subje	ct Title of the Couse/ Subject No. of periods/ week							
	ant Biochemistry and Pharmacognosy 04							
Cos: Upon completion of this co	urse successfully, students would be able to							
opon completion of this co	unse successiumy, students would be able to							
1. study the plant bio	chemistry and its various aspects.							
	ism and regulation of bio molecules.							
	dicinal properties of plants and its constituents.							
	on and standardization methods of drugs							
Unit-I	Carbohydrates:							
	Structure and Physico-chemical properties of carbohydrates, biological significance, important glycoprotein, Lipids: Classification, structure and							
	properties of important lipids, biological significance of glycolipids, fatty acid							
	biosynthesis and storage.							
Unit-II	Amino acids:							
	Uptake, Assimilation and Reduction of Nitrogen							
	• Amino acid classification, properties, functions							
	Biosynthesis of Amino acid							
	Proline metabolism for stress tolerance							
	Catabolism of Amino acid							
Unit-III	Lipids:							
	Classification, Structure and properties, functions,							
	• Biosynthesis of Fatty acids,							
	Membrane lipids, Structural lipids, Storage lipids,							
	Catabolism of lipids,							
	Phospholipids, Sphingolipids, derived lipids,							
Unit-IV	Natural Products:							
	Classification, Structure, Properties, of Secondary metabolites							
	Occurrence, distribution and Synthesis of Secondary Metabolites							
	 Analytical tools used for Natural Products Stability testing, Applied Pharmacognosy 							
	 Ethno-botany: Concept, relevance and classification 							
	 Ethno-botary: concept, relevance and classification Ethnopharmacology and its application 							

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	• Nutraceutical and Cosmetical: Introduction, classification, formulations,							
	Botanical Sources, properties and uses							
	• Crude drugs: Definition, Importance, Standardization, Biomarkers.							
	• Standardization, quality efficacy, Safety requirements and Assessments procedures of herbal medicine USFDA							
Unit-v	Drug Evaluation:							
	Concept, consideration, Quality control as per Pharmacopeia and guidelines.							
	• Comparative study of Intellectual Property, European Pharmacopeia, Ayurvedic Pharmacopeia.							
	 Pharmacognostic studies of some drug: Geographical distribution, 							
	Cultivation, Collection, Macroscopic and Microscopic Characters,							
	Commercial products, Chemical Constituents, tests, therapeutic uses,							
	Commercial varieties adulterants, Substitutes							
	• Root Drug: Rhizome, Stem Drug Bark Drug, Leaf Drug: <i>Ocimum sanctum</i> ,							
	Adhathoda vasica, Flower Drug: Coriandrum sativa							
	Fruits Drug, Seed Drug							
	Suggested Reading:							
	rya D. (1998). Experiments in Plant Physiology, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.							
	arya A and Vijay Laxmi (2015). Methods and techniques in plant physiology, New							
	lishing Agency, New Delhi							
	S.C., Mandal V and Das A. K. (2015), Essentials of Botanical Extraction, Academic							
Press, Lo								
	C. (2009). Trease and Evans Pharmacognosy, Saunders Elsevier, Edinburgh							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	E. & Goulding, K.H. 2000 A Biologists' Guide to Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry ELBS.							
	n, J. 1985. Laboratory Manual of Biochemistry, Wiley Eastern Limited. New Delhi.							
	Experimental Biochemistry, (3rd Edn.) R.Boyer, Benjamin Cumming, 2000.							
	Biochemistry, Principle and Technique (5th Edn.) K. Wilsen and J. Walker,							
	ge University press. 2000.							
34. Plant Bio	chemistry, P.M dey and J.B. Harborne, Harcourt Asia Ltd. Academic press, 1997.							
	e. J.B. 1983. Phyto chemical methods. Chapman and Hall. London.							
	E. and Evanes W.C. Pharmacognosy. 12 Edition. Bailliere, Tindall, East Bourne,							
U.K. 198								
	C.K.Purohit A.P. and S.B. Gokhale. Pharmacognosy Nivali Prakashan Publication.							
	P. Phyto chemistry. 1-3 volumes Van Nostrand, Reinhold Co. 1973. , A.L.(1987) Principles of Biochemistry, Worth Publications, Inc. USA.							
	G.R. & Fritz, G.J 1986. Introductory Plant Physiology, Prentice Hall of India Ltd.,							
New Dell								
	K 2004. Modern Plant Physiology, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.							
	J., 1999. Pharmacognosy, Phytochemistry, Medicinal Plants, Intercept Ltd., Paris.							
	P.M., 2002. Medicinal Natural Products: A biosynthetic approach, John Wiley & Sons							
Ltd.								
	.C., 2002, Trease and Evan's Pharmacognosy, W.B. Saunders.							
	J.B., 1998. Phytochemical Methods, Chapman and Hall.							
-	n P.J. and A. Raman, 1998. Laboratory handbook for fractionation of natural extracts,							
	and Hall. .K., 1991. Practical Pharmacognosy, Vallabh Prakashan, Delhi.							
	on G., 1991. Drugs of naural origin: A text book of Pharmacognosy,							
	Pharmaceutical Society, Swedish Pharmaceutical Press, Stockholm, Sweden.							
	E., L.R. Brady and J.E Robbers, 1988. Pharmacognosy, Indian Edition, K.M.							
	Company, Bombay.							
	M.L. and B. Vickery, 1981. Secondary Plant Metabolism, The MacMillan Press Ltd.							
	1967. Text Book of Pharmacognosy, J & A Churchill, London.24							
	H., S. Bladt and E.M. Zgainski (Translated by A. Scott) 1984, Plant Drug Analysis,							
Springer-								
	s Wilfred & Nicholson Ralph, 2006, Phenolic compound Biochemistry							
	g Outcome: urse, the student would be able to:							
	lrates, Lipids, fatty Acids and their importance							
	hniques of crude drug preparations.							
	e domain in tune with Drug development.							
5. expand knowledge	woman in tune with Drug wereitophient.							

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022 Year Programme: M. Sc. Botany

PG Programme

Semester II Code of the Course/Subject	Title of the Course/Subject (Laboratory/Practical/practicu	(No. of Periods/Week)
Practical III	m/hands-on/Activity) Practical based on DSC V &	06
	DSC-VI	

* List of Practical/Laboratory Experiments/Activities etc.

Plant Physiology: (Only 12 Experiment should be perform to which 8 Major and 6 Minor). Laboratory Exercises:

Major:

- 1. Extraction of chloroplast pigments from leaves and preparation of absorption spectrum of chlorophylls and carotenoid.
- 2. To determine chlorophyll a, chlorophyll b and total chlorophyll ratio in C3 & C4 plants.
- 3. Estimation of sodium and potassium in plant material by flame photometry.
- 4. Determination of Ca: Mg ratio by spectrophotometry in plant tissue.
- 5. Preparation of the standard curve of proteins (BSA) by Biurette method.
- 6. Determination of Isoelectric point of Legumin.
- 7. Effect of GA/IAA on plant growth.
- 8. Isolation of intact chloroplasts and estimation of chloroplast proteins by spot protein assay.
- 9. To demonstrate photophosphorylation in intact chloroplasts, resolve the phosphoproteins by SDS-PAGE & performs Western blotting.
- 10. Estimation of protein content in extracts of plant material by Lowry's or Bradford's method.
- 11. Principles of colorimetry, spectrophotometry and fluorimetry.
- 12. Demonstration of an electron transport system.
- 13. Estimation of carbon dioxide liberated during respiration.
- 14. To demonstrate the process of antagonism.
- 15. To demonstrate the process of tissue tension.
- 16. Detection of amino acids by chromatography.
- 17. Effect of various salts on the permeability of the plasma membrane.
- 18. Estimation of Ascorbic Acid in the given material.

Minor:

- 1. Estimation of reducing, Non-reducing and total sugars.
- 2. To determine the Osmotic pressure of vacuolar sap of *Rheo discolar* or *Tradescantia* leaves by Plasmolytic method (50% plasmolysis)
- 3. To determine the diffusion pressure deficit (water potential) of potato tuber tissue by weighing method
- 4. To determine the structure, size and frequency of stomata in mesophytic and xerophytic leaves
- 5. To determine the rate of transpiration of plant i. Weight ii. Potometer method
- 6. To determine the rate of transpiration by Cobalt Chloride paper method and to calculate transpiration index (TI), Transpiration efficiency (TE) of various leaves
- 7. To measure the rate of photosynthesis in aquatic plants by Willmotts bubble counting method
- 8. To study the effect of-i. CO2; ii. Light quality and intensity; iii. Injury; iv. Temperature on the rate of photosynthesis in leaves of an aquatic / terrestrial plant
- 9. To extract the major plant pigments from leaves by different solubility method.
- 10. Demonstration of polyphenoloxidase in plant tissue.
- 11. Action of invertase on sucrose.
- 12. Effect of temperature on enzyme activity.
- 13. Action of salivary enzyme on starch.

Evolution and Diversity of Bryophytes and Pteridophytes:

- 1. Morphological, anatomical and reproductive studies of following members: *Targonia, Cyathodium Marchantia, Plagiochasma, Deumortiera, Anthoceros, Notothylus; Polytrichum, Pogonatum, Sphagnum, Funaria.*
- 2. Study of morphology, anatomy and reproductive structure of Pteridophytic forms *Psilotum, Lycopodium, Marsilea, Selaginella. Isoetes, Equisetum, Gleichenia, Pteris, Ophioglossum, Azolla, Salvinia, Adiantum, Angiospteris.*
- 3. Study of fossil forms: Rhynia, Calamites, Calamostachys, Lepidodendron, Zygopteris.
- 4. Field study
 - i. Visits to the field to study distribution of Bryophytic and Pteridophytic forms.
 - ii. Monographic and photographic presentation of Bryophytic and Pteridophytic material.

Sant Gadge Baba Amravati University, Amravati

PG Programme

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022 Year Programme: M. S

Programme: M. Sc. Botany		
Semester II Code of the	Title of the Course/Subject	(No. of Periods/Week)
Course/Subject	(Laboratory/Practical/practicu m/hands-on/Activity)	
Practical – IV	Practical based on Paper VII and VIII	06

* List of Practical/Laboratory Experiments/Activities etc.

Genetics and Plant Breeding (Practical's)

Laboratory Exercises

- 1. Preparations of Stains, Dyes, Preservatives, Fixatives and pre-treatment agents for the material
- 2. Preparation of mitosis and meiotic slides from suitable plant materials.
- To determine mitotic index and mitotic index frequer
 Karyomorphological studies from slides/photograph. To determine mitotic index and mitotic index frequency.
- 5. Banding studies using Giemsa, Orcein, Florescent dyes.
- 6. Induction of mitotic abnormalities through mutagens.
- 7. To determine pollen viability and germination using fluorescent dyes and cell wall staining with Calcoflour
- 8. Problem on Mendelian inheritance and interaction of genes, linkage and crossing over.
- 9. Demonstration of SEM.
- 10. Feulgen staining.
- 11. To study polygenic inheritance.
- 12. Study of quality traits in some local crops cotton, soybeans, Wheat, Brassica etc.
- 13. Study the Meiotic configurations in maize, Allium, Rheo, Tradescantia, Aloe etc.
- 14. Study of chromosomal aberrations in irradiated material.
- 15. Induction of polyploidy through Colchicine in suitable plant material.
- 16. Study of Floral Biology of some crop plants.

Plant Biochemistry and Pharmacognosy:

- 1. Study of powdered drugs physical, chemical and microscopic examinations.
- Quantitative microscopy of leaf drug stomatal frequency and stomatal index, 2.
- .Determination of palisade ratio and vein islet number. 3.
- 4. Qualitative determination of alkaloids, tannins, steroids and saponins from medicinal plants
- Determination of water soluble and water insoluble ash from crude drugs. 5.
- 6. Determination of foaming index from crude drugs
- 7. Determination of titratable organic acid from leaves and fruits
- Determination of ascorbic acid from plant sample 8.
- 9. Estimation of phytic acid
- 10. Determination of total phenol content from powdered drugs.
- 11. Determination of free radical scavenging activity of methanolic extracts of powdered drugs.
- 12. Effect of pH on enzyme activity.
- 13. Estimation of PPO oxidase from plant sample.
- 14. Estimation of Ascorbic acid [Calorimetric / volumetric]
- 15. Estimation of Riboflavin
- 16. Estimation of Tannins [Folin Denis / Vanillin hydrochloride]
- 17. Separation of proteins by SDS-PAGE
- 18. Determination of Nitrate reductase activity
- 19. Estimation of ascorbate peroxidase enzyme from plants
- 20. Estimation of carbohydrate by Anthrone reagent
- 21. Determination and quantification of tannins.. flavonoids. phenolics. Alkaloids
- 22. Pharmacological screening of Anti-diabetic Agents.
- 23. Determination of anti-oxidant activity from local plants.
- 24. Screening of Crude Drugs for Anti-microbial activity.
- 25. Phytochemical screening methods: Paper Chromatography, TLC, HPLC, Spectrometry.
- 26. Identification of amino acids by Paper Chromatography...
- 27. Identification and Estimation of Lipids
- 28. Determination of adulteration in crude drugs.
- 29. Determination of extractive value of crude drugs.
- 30. Identification of organized and unorganized plant drugs
- 31. Separation of anthocyanin from flower petals using TLC
- 32. Quantitative estimation of an alkaloid Solanine.
- 33. Extraction and estimation of lycopene.
- 34. Determination of pH of fresh and dry material of the following plants (Ocimum, Adhatoda leaves, Terminalia arjuna fruit,)
- 35. Estimation of curcumin in given sample. Evaluation of natural products estimation of the ash value and determination of water soluble and acid soluble ash (Muffle furnace);

- 36. Determination of moisture content of sample using moisture balance method; Determination of microscopic characters37. Estimation of Rutin

Syllabus Prescribed for 2022 Year Programme	PG. Programme M.Sc. Botany						
Semester II	Mist. Dotany						
	Title of the Couse/ Subject No. of periods/ week						
	ulture and nursery Management 04						
Cos:							
Upon the satisfactory compl course, the student would be	etion of class assignments and the classroom experiences provided in the able to:						
 List and describe procedural marketing. 	steps necessary during floriculture crop production from propagation to						
 Identify and define environm Develop production schedul 	nental factors that regulate growth and flowering of floriculture crops. es for floriculture crops.						
	reenhouse through nursery management.						
	iculture crops and classify them as potted, cut and/or garden crops.						
	roduction of horticultural crops through seeds.						
Unit-I	Floriculture: Concept, Scope and importance of Floriculture, Scope of						
	Floriculture in India, Study of Floricultural tools.						
Unit-II	Common Garden operation using different implements, commercial floriculture, soil selection, preparation of soil nursery beds, system of plating, water and nutrient management, bed management, propagation by cutting, budding, grafting.						
Unit-III	Harvesting & Processing of Flowers: Harvesting technique, Postharvest handling and grading, packing and storage, transportation & marketing commerce.						
Unit-IV	Nursery Site: Types of Nursery, Factors to be consider for Nursery establishment, Size of Nursery, Soil type, Production area, Germination section, Transplanting area.						
Unit-V	Horticultural crop management: Seeds handling, seed procurement and storage, viability, Germination process, time of sowing, soil of sowing, media for growing plants, Soil, Sand, Peat, Sphagnum Moss, Vermiculture, Cockpit, plant protect in Nursery Management.						
Suggested Reading:							
practices (8 th Edition).	., Davis, F.T and R.L Geneve (2010) Plant Propagation: Principles and						
2. Sharma, R.R and Srivastav M International Book Distribut	M (2004): Plant propagation and nursery management (First Edition) ing Co.						
3. K.K.Nanda and V.K. Kochhar (1985). Vegetative propagation of plants. Kalyani Publisher- New Delhi- Ludhiana.							
 Bose, T.K.Sanyal, D and San Publishers, Kolkatta. 	dhu, M.L.(1998) Propagation of Horticultural crops. Naya Prakash						
Agri. Expt. Sta. California.	(1979). Propagation of temperate zone fruit plants. Leaflet, California,						
6. Website URL: http://www.wi	ikipedia.org/wiki/plant propagation						
Learning Outcome:							
I Iman a ammilation of this accurate second	essfully students would be able to						
Upon completion of this course succe	for wholesale container and field production nurseries.						

- Understand Business development, management, site selection and financial aspects. Acquire knowledge of harvesting and processing of nursery plants.
- 2. 3.

							(M.Sc	. Part II) Sei	mester III	[
S.	Subject	Subject			Tea	ching & L	earnii	ng Scheme		Duration		Exa	mination &	Evaluation	Scheme		
No.		Code	Те	eachii	ng Per Week	iods Per		Credits		of Exam Hours	Theo	Theory		ctical	Total Marks		imum sing
			L	Т	Р	Total	L/T	Practical	Total		Theory + MCQ External	Theory Internal	Internal	External		Marks	Grade
1	DSC-IX Systematics and Taxonomy of Angiosperms	BOT 301	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	4	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
2	DSC-X Paleobotany, Evolution and Diversity of Gymnosperms.	BOT 302	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
3	DSE- I	BOTE-I 301 to 308	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
4	DSE -II	BOTE- II 301 to 308	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
5	Lab- 5 Practical Based on DSC IX & X	BOL 301	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
6	Lab- 6 Practical Based on DSE I & DSE- II	BOL 302-309	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
7	# Internship/ Field Work/ Work Experience																
8	Open elective/ GIC/ Open skill/ MOOC* Post-harvest Technology	OEC I 303	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
	Total					28			26						600		

Scheme of Teaching, Learning & Examination leading to the Degree in Master of Science in the Programme Botany (Two year- Four Semester Degree Programme- C.B.C.S.)

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical

Student may complete their Internship/ Field Work/ Work experience in First or Second or Third semester of Master of Science in the Programme, according to their convenience; @ denotes Non-Examination credits.

Note: Internship/ Apprenticeship/ Field Work Experience (during vacations of semester I to III. This will carry 2 credits for learning of 60 hours or 3 Credits for learning of 90 hours. Its credits and grades will be reflected in final semester IV credit grade report.

-OEC (Optional) can be studied during semester I to IV

Sr.	Course	Code
<u>No.</u>	DSC IV Systematics and Toyonomy of Angiognorms	BOT 301
2	DSC-IX Systematics and Taxonomy of Angiosperms	
	DSC-X Paleobotany, Evolution and Diversity of Gymnosperms.	BOT 302
3	DSE- I	BOTE-I
	1. PLANT TISSUE CULTURE-I (Elective)	301 to 308
	2. BIOINFORMATICS-I (Elective)	
	3. Angiosperm Taxonomy, Phytochemistry and Pharmacognosy-I	
	(Elective)	
	4. Molecular Systematics I (Elective)	
	5. ADVANCED PLANT PHYSIOLOGY – I (Elective)	
	6. MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, BIOTECHNOLOGY AND PLANT	
	BREEDING-I (Elective)	
	7. REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY OF ANGIOSPERMS-I (Elective)	
	8. PLANT PATHOLOGY-I (Elective)	
4	DSE -II	BOTE-II
	1. PLANT TISSUE CULTURE-II (Elective)	301 to 308
	2. BIOINFORMATICS-II (Elective)	
	3. Angiosperm Taxonomy, Phytochemistry and Pharmacognosy-II (Elective)	
	4. Molecular Systematics II (Elective)	
	5. ADVANCED PLANT PHYSIOLOGY –II (Elective)	
	6. MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, BIOTECHNOLOGY AND PLANT	
	BREEDING-II (Elective)	
	7. REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY OF ANGIOSPERMS-II (Elective)	
	8. PLANT PATHOLOGY-II (Elective)	
5	Lab- 5 Practical Based on DSC IX & X	BOL
-		301
6	Lab- 6 Practical Based on DSE I & DSE- II	BOL
		302-309
7	Open elective/ GIC/ Open skill/ MOOC*	OEC I 303
	Post-harvest Technology	

Scheme of Teaching, Learning & Examination leading to the Degree in Master of Science in the Programme Botany (Two year- Four Semester Degree Programme- C.B.C.S.) (M.Sc. Part II) Semester IV

S.	Subject	Subject		Teaching & Learning Scheme						Duration	Duration Examination & Evaluation Scheme						
No.		Code	Те		g Peri Week	ods Per		Credits		of Exam Hours	Theo	Theory		Practical Total Marks		Minimum Passing	
			L	Τ	Р	Total	L/T	Practical	Total		Theory+ MCQ External	Theory Internal	Internal	External		Marks	Grade
1	DSC-XI Applied Botany	BOT 401	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
2	DSC-XII Plant Ecology	BOT 402	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
3	DSC -XIII Environmental Ecology	BOT 403	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
4	SEC- I Plant Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering	BOTS 401	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
5	Lab- 7 Practical Based on DSC XI, XII, XIII & SEC-I	BOL 401	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
6	Lab-8 Practical Based on Project	BOL 402	-	-	6	6	-	3	3	*	-	-	-	100	100	50	Р
7	# Internship/ Field Work/ Work Experience @																
8	Open elective/ GIC/ Open skill/ MOOC* Gardening and Landscaping	OEC 401	4	-	-	4	4	-	4	3	80	20	-	-	100	40	Р
	Total					28			26						600		

L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical

Student may complete their Internship/ Field Work/ Work experience in First or Second or Third semester of Master of Science in the Programme, according to their convenience; @ denotes Non-Examination credits.

Note: Internship/ Apprenticeship/ Field Work Experience (during vacations of semester I to III. This will carry 2 credits for learning of 60 hours or 3 Credits for learning of 90 hours. Its credits and grades will be reflected in final semester IV credit grade report.

-OEC (Optional) can be studied during semester I to IV.

Sr. No.	Course	Code
1	DSC-XI Applied Botany	BOT 401
2	DSC-XII Plant Ecology	BOT 402
3	DSC -XIII Environmental Ecology	BOT 403
4	SEC- I Plant Biotechnology and Genetic Engineering	BOTS 401
5	Lab- 7 Practical Based on DSC XI, XII, XIII & SEC-I	BOL 401
6	Lab-8 Practical Based on Project	BOL 402
7	Open elective/ GIC/ Open skill/ MOOC* Gardening and Landscaping	OEC 401